Ending Conversion Practices in Scotland



Respondent Information Form

Please Note this form must be completed and returned with your response.

To find out how we handle your personal data, please see our privacy policy: https://www.gov.scot/privacy/

Are you responding as an individual or an organisation?			
☐ Individual			
Full name or organisation's name			
Scottish TUC			
Phone number			
Address			
8 Landressy Street Glasgow			
Postcode		G40 1BP	
Email Address	lsomerville@stuc.ora.uk		
The Scottish Government would like your permission to publish your consultation response. Please indicate your publishing preference:		Information for organisations: The option 'Publish response only (without name)' is available for individual respondents only. If this option is selected, the organisation name will still be published.	
☐ Publish response with name		If you choose the option 'Do not publish	
□ Publish response only (without)	t name)	response', your organisation name may still be listed as having responded to the	
☐ Do not publish response		consultation in, for example, the analysis report.	
We will share your response internally with other Scottish Government policy teams who may be addressing the issues you discuss. They may wish to contact you again in the future, but we require your permission to do so. Are you content for Scottish Government to contact you again in relation to this consultation exercise?			
□ No			

Questionnaire

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Qι	Jes 1	OII	n	1

Question 1 Do you support our approach to defining conversion practices which focuses on behaviour motivated by the intention to change or suppress a person's sexual orientation or gender identity?
YesNoDon't know
Question 2 Please give the reason for your answer to Question 1.
We believe that conversion practices are abusive, unethical, harmful and discriminatory. We fully support LGBT+ people to have equal rights at work and in society, this includes being able to live freely without fear of discrimination or harassment.

•	that legislation should cover acts or courses of behaviour intended to nother person's sexual orientation or gender identity?
	It should be covered
	It should not be covered
	Don't know
	reasons for your answer to Question 3.
people. LGE identity and discrimination	suppression should be included in the legislation to fully protect LGBT+ BT+ people should not have to suppress their sexual orientation or gender legislation must be in place to ensure they can live their lives freely from on. Suppression is harmful and can lead to poor mental health and have long res impacts for LGBT+ people.

		oort or not support an approach which uses a package of both criminal and es to address conversion practices in legislation?
		Support
		Do not support
		Don't know
	give	reasons for your answer to Question 5.
therapy to deal be a lo	y prac with ng tei	ope that attitudes will evolve following increased awareness of conversion of conversion progresses. This would in turn allow civil measures reports of conversion practices. However, we recognise that this is likely to rm consequence and will not work in all occasions, therefore criminal re also needed to fully protect people from harm.

Question 7 What are yo service?	ur views on the proposal that the offence will address the provision of a	
\boxtimes	Support	
	Do not support	
	Don't know	
Question 8 Please give reasons for your answer to Question 7.		
We do not believe that a "service" can be provided that is not harmful, encourages suppression and / or aims to change a person's sexual orientation or gender identity. We believe that any such "services" harm people, supported by evidence from Westminster's Parliamentary Office of Science and Technology which reports		
"The best available scientific research suggests that there is evidence of serious harm associated with CT and very little evidence that CT can change a person's sexual orientation or gender identity".		
https://post.p	parliament.uk/research-briefings/post-pn-0658/	

What are yo behaviour?	our views on the proposal that the offence will address a coercive course of
	Support Do not support Don't know
Question 10 Please give	0 reasons for your answer to Question 9.
	pelieve that any coercive course of behaviour directed towards another stified or acceptable.

What are your views on the requirement that the conduct of the perpetrator must have caused the victim to suffer physical or psychological harm (including fear, alarm or distress)?		
	Agree Do not agree Don't know	
Question 12 Please give reasons for your answer to Question 11.		
	udies show the outcome of conversion therapy is harmful and abusive. 's Parliamentary Office of Science and Technology which reports:	
"In qualitative studies, other harms reported by people who have undergone CT include: loss of self-esteem; anxiety; depression; social isolation; intimacy difficulty; self-hatred; shame and guilt; sexual dysfunction; and symptoms of post-traumatic stress disorder."		
https://post.parliament.uk/research-briefings/post-pn-0658/		

Do you agree with the inclusion of a defence of reasonableness?		
	Agree Do not agree Don't know	
Question 14 Please give reasons for your answer to Question 13.		

Question 15 Do you agree or not agree with the proposed penalties for the offence of engaging in conversion practices?	
□ Agree□ Do not agree□ Don't know	
Question 16 Please give reasons for your answer to Question 15.	

Question 17 Do you agree that there should be no defence of consent for conversion practices?
✓ Yes☐ No☐ Don't know
Question 18 Please give reasons for your answer to Question 17.
We reject any notion of consent to abusive practices and that "consent" cannot be fully informed, and likely to be achieved through indirectly where an individual is not aware the "service" or "treatment" they have agreed to is actually conversion therapy or by pressure from those who wish to cause harm to others.
Question 19 Do you have any other comments regarding the criminal offence as set out in Parts 8 and 9?

	Question 20 What are your views on it being a criminal offence to take a person out of Scotland for the purpose of subjecting them to conversion practices?
	SupportDo not supportDon't know
	Question 21 Please give your reasons for your answer to Question 20.
	We believe people are at risk of harm and abuse if subjected to conversion therapy. This would be the case in Scotland, across the UK or in any other country. Therefore the protections should prevent people from being taken out of Scotland.
	Question 22 What are your views on the proposed penalties for taking a person outside of Scotland for the purposes of conversion practices? Support Do not support Don't know Question 23
Ī	Please explain your answer to Question 22.

Question 24 What are your views on the proposal that conversion practices should be an aggravating factor for existing offences?			
	Support Do not support Don't know		
Question 25 Please explain your answer to Question 24.			

Question 26 Do you have any views on the steps we have taken to ensure the proposals are compatible with rights protected by the European Convention of Human Rights?	

Question 27 What are your views on the purposes of the proposed conversion practices protection order?				
	Support Do not support Don't know			
Question 28 Please explain your answer to Question 27.				

Question 29 Do you agree or disagree with the proposals for who should be able to apply for a conversion practices civil order?			
✓ Agree☐ Do not agree☐ Don't know			
Question 30 Please explain your answer to Question 29.			

Question 31 Do you have any other comments regarding the civil order as set out in Parts 13 - 15?

Do you have any views on the potential impacts of the proposals in this consultation on equality by:

- a) Age
- b) Disability
- c) Gender reassignment
- d) Civil partnership
- e) Pregnancy and maternity
- f) Race

We note with concern the figures reported by the National LGBT Survey and the disproportionate impact on BAME LGBT+ people:

"Black/African/Caribbean/Black British (13%) and Asian/Asian British (14%) respondents, and respondents belonging to an 'other' ethnic group (15%), were up to twice as likely to be offered, or to have undergone, 'conversion therapy' than White (7%) respondents."

- g) Religion and belief
- h) Sex
- i) Sexual orientation

Question 33

Do you have any views on the potential impacts of the proposals in this consultation on children and young people, as set out in the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child?

Question 34

Do you have any views on the potential impacts of the proposals in this consultation on socio-economic inequality?

Question 35

Do you have any views on potential impacts of the proposals in this consultation on communities on the Scottish islands?

Question 36

Do you have any views on the potential impacts of the proposals in this consultation on privacy and data protection?

Question 37

Do you have any views on the potential impacts of the proposals in this consultation on businesses and the third sector?

Question 38

Do you have any views on the potential impacts of the proposals in this consultation on the environment?